

DECATUR MORNING REVIEW

VOL. XIII. NO. 127

DECATUR, ILLINOIS, SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 17, 1891.

10 CENTS A WEEK.

Ladies'

Boudoir
Slippers,

Three Shades.

LADIES'

Prince Alberts

Are the Newest.

LADIES' ENGLISH

Blucher Oxfords

Latest Style.

LADIES'

Southern Ties

Black Cloth Tops.

LADIES'

Cleopatra Slippers

All Widths in Black Ooze.

LADIES'

Military Boots and Oxfords

Burt's Make.

25 STYLES OF

New Oxfords

Just Received at

Powers

SHOE STORE.

LADIES'

Fine Kid Boots

75c A PAIR.

MCNINN'S

FINE SHOES

Lace and Congress, worth \$2.

They Can be Yours for \$1

AT

Powers

NO SIGN OF TROUBLE

Northwestern Road Doing Business Right Along.

THE SWITCHMEN AWAITING ORDERS

Which Will Proceed from the Supreme Council of All the Railway Workmen—A Meeting That Means Much for the Chicago Railways—A Talk with Grand Master Sweeny—The World's Fair and Labor—The Workers Getting Help from Operator Rainey—Labor Notes.

CHICAGO, May 16.—Everything was like a Sunday morning in the Chicago and Northwestern yards yesterday when the sun rose. Affairs were, in fact, even quieter than usual on that day. As the day wore on and trains began to arrive the hum of work commenced, until by 10 o'clock the new switchmen were handling business as rapidly as the old crews. At the company's headquarters it was stated that all stations out of Chicago on the line were manned by full forces. At Winona three new crews did more work than four old crews had accomplished on any day before for several weeks and cleared the work up at an earlier hour than usual. The reports from the Wisconsin division showed that up to midnight of May 14 fifty freight trains were handled.

What Manager Whitman Says.

Last night General Manager J. M. Whitman said as he started for home: "There is practically nothing new. As to the men we have discharged, I am sincerely sorry for them. I worked up from the ranks myself and know what it means. In the ranks of the discharged men are many capable men, whose only fault is that they were led away by bad influences. In many cases these men were forced to join reckless or unnecessary strikes, although they were not in sympathy with them. I propose to reinstate all such men for whom I can find places if they desire to work for the company. In my opinion the shock is over and I anticipate no trouble whatever."

An Interview with Sweeny.

Grand Master Sweeny and Vice Grand Master Downey, of the Switchmen's Mutual Aid Association, called upon General Manager Whitman yesterday morning to inquire why the general discharge had been ordered by the company, and what it meant. They were cordially received, and Mr. Whitman replied by handing Mr. Sweeny a copy of the official statement giving the reason for the action, such as it appeared in the newspapers, and said that the first step taken was to contact them. Mr. Sweeny wished to discuss the matter, but was told by Mr. Whitman that he would be willing to receive any communication that Mr. Sweeny might wish to make, provided the same was made in writing, so that no possible misunderstanding as to what was said could occur. This Mr. Sweeny declined to do.

ASSOCIATION VIEW OF THE TROUBLE

Grand Master Sweeny Makes Some Comments on the Lockout.

Grand Master Sweeny and other officials of the Switchmen's association were at the switchmen's headquarters yesterday. Mr. Sweeny said: "It must not be imagined that because we are so quiet we are already beaten in this fight. The switchmen are never altogether beaten, though they may seem temporarily to have got the worst of it. Switchmen may be discharged from one company, but they will eventually turn up in another, and even those who take their places soon move in the same groove and have the same ideas. The real trouble with the Northwestern is that the company has nearly always been unfortunate in their selection of yardmasters. A good yardmaster can in almost every instance prevent any trouble among the switchmen. He will himself discipline men and adjust all little difficulties without the officials and making a mountain out of a molehill."

The Difficulty with McNerney.

"The fault with McNerney was that he tried to lord it over the men too much and gave himself airs. The men were willing to put up with a little of it, but when they found he was trying for a higher position they thought he would be unbearable and considered it time to stop him. Superintendent Miller has been opposed to men who are members of the association for some time, and he loses no opportunity to get rid of them." Mr. Sweeny also spoke of the case of Brooks, yardmaster at Western avenue, who he said, was very abusive, and also a drinking man, but the company stood by him, notwithstanding these facts.

Wages of the Switchmen.

He continued: "The officers of the road claim that a switchman can make from \$75 to \$150 per month, and that there are only a few men earning as low as \$75. This is not correct. The highest wages a switchman can earn is 20 cents an hour, and at this rate, working twenty-six days in the month, he would get \$75. The most a man can earn, and that by putting in thirty-six days in the month, or ten days overtime, is about \$104, and then he has nearly to kill himself to do it. Then he can only work overtime when it suits the company, and not when it suits himself."

Depends on the Supreme Council.

Everything now depends on the action of the supreme council of the United Order of Railway Employees which meets to-day. The four organizations in that body are the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, the Brotherhood of Railway Conductors, the Brotherhood of Trainmen and the Switchmen's Mutual Aid Association. The firemen, conductors and switchmen's organizations confide their membership to their own proper class, but the trainmen take in brakemen, conductors, switchmen, yardmasters and brakemasters.

Trainmen Acting Without Orders.

W. A. Sheehan, secretary of the Brotherhood of Trainmen, was seen at Galesburg last night and said: "If the members of the Brotherhood of Trainmen are manning switches and filling the places of the discharged switchmen, they are doing so on their own responsibility and not under the orders of the Brotherhood of Trainmen. What the trainmen's brotherhood will do depends on the decision of the supreme council which meets in Chicago to-morrow. It will be seen by the stores that the fight may only have

begun. If the supreme council does not sustain the railway there is a pack of trouble ahead for the railroads in the west."

Situation at Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 16.—Business in the Northwestern railway yards went as quietly as usual yesterday, although there was very much less accomplished. Passenger trains arrived and left on time, and in the freight yards the company had succeeded in getting men enough to keep eight of its twenty-two switch engines at work. General Agent George says he will soon have a full crew. The discharged men are making no demonstration and refrain from hanging about the yards in accordance with the request of their leaders.

HELPING THE COKE STRIKERS.

One of Frick's Competitors Fighting the Big Operator—The Situation.

SCOTTSDALE, Pa., May 16.—W. J. Rainey, the Wiley coke operator, who is worth millions now, seems to be with the strikers body and soul. He is engaged in a fight with Frick and other operators, and will use the strikers as the weapon to gain his point. Yesterday he gave Master Workman Wiss permission to send labor agents among his employees to obtain funds to sustain the Frick and McClure strikers.

Claims That Do Not Agree.

An official of the Frick company claimed last night that they have 4,000 men now at work, while labor leaders assert that not more than half that number are working in the region, and that the 15,000 strikers are still firm.

World's Fair Labor Question.

CHICAGO, May 16.—A joint conference had been held last night between a delegation of trade union men, headed by Thomas Morgan, and a committee of the World's fair directory, at which Morgan explained that the proposed minimum scale of wages for work at the fair did not mean that the men were to strike off for higher wages, but that the scale would be the maximum wage. This was not pledged, but Morgan said that nine times in ten the minimum was also the maximum. There is a prospect now that the directory will agree to the proposition.

Davis Starts His Brickyard.

DENVER, Colo., May 16.—F. N. Davis started up his brickyard yesterday. An armed guard, consisting of ten deputy sheriffs, five policemen and twelve negroes, protected the men. All the labor organizations will attend the funeral of Kelly in a body, and trouble is feared for that day.

COCKERILL LEAVES "THE WORLD."

He Wants to Run a Newspaper on His Own Hook.

NEW YORK, May 16.—"Yes, I took the World," said Col. John A. Cockerill to a reporter. "I have had this matter in contemplation for some time. I have been with The World for several years and my relations there have always been pleasant. I do not intend to retire from the newspaper business, by any means. My withdrawal from The World was merely to better my condition. I have long had a desire to own a newspaper in New York. It was on that account I took this step. I am not at liberty to say anything further as to my plans, but I am now making negotiations to this end."

Revolt in the Danville, Ill., Jail.

DANVILLE, Ill., May 16.—Turnkey Phillips in the county jail was murdered yesterday by a prisoner named Jessie Thatch. Thatch dealt Phillips a terrific blow in the head with an iron window-weight, telling him the ground, and then pulled the chain opening the cells of the other prisoners. Several of them rushed out and attacked Phillips, who had staggered to his feet in the meantime and ably defended himself. Young Newton, the sheriff's son, called his father, who quickly came to Phillips' aid and locked up the prisoners. Thatch is an old offender.

Fireman Killed at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., May 16.—The momentary establishment of the Cincinnati Moonlight Brewing company was greatly damaged by fire Thursday night. The property burned in the main structure of the concern, a four-story brick building with a frontage of 300 feet, extending back about 150 feet. The fire started in the middle of the building at the fourth floor, and spread in every direction. The beer, half fermented, ran down the driveway in rivulets into the street. Thousands of gallons of beer was thus wasted. The aggregate loss will approximate \$100,000, and is covered by insurance. Henry Smith, a fireman, was killed.

Had Been Dead a Week.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 16.—There was a shooting at the United States hotel yesterday when a bearded named Jack Botts was found dead in his bed. A horrible odor had been noticed all the morning, and was finally traced to Botts' room. The door was broken open and the stomach was black and swollen, the stomach had burst open, and a black and bloody fluid was all over the bed and floor. Why the room had not been attended to was not explained. The man had been dead a week.

Commerce on the Lakes.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 16.—Superintendent Porter has issued advance copies of a bulletin shortly to be made public on transportation and the floating equipment on the great lakes, from which it appears that the total number of vessels plying on Dec. 31, 1888, was 2,784; the total gross tonnage, 22,472, and the total net tonnage, 780,110. The estimated carrying capacity of these 2,784 vessels was 1,254,971 tons, the commercial value of which was \$65,870.

General Bet Know the Law.

BOSTON, May 16.—Gen. Butler has secured the release from jail, by a writ of personal replevin, of Mrs. Clarietta Johnson, who, by the sentence of Judge Carpenter, of the United States court, was serving her time for alleged perjury in a pension case. The last case wherein this writ was used in this state was in 1884, and inquiry among the lawyers develops the fact that to many of them it was unknown.

A Battleground at the World's Fair.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 16.—The board of management of government exhibits was in session yesterday, and ordered advertisements for proposals for the construction of a full-sized mimic battaglia at the World's fair site at Chicago.

COMMISSIONER RAUM'S SON, Resigns His Position as Assistant Clerk of the Pension Bureau.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 16.—The secretary of the interior has accepted the resignation of G. B. Raum Jr. as assistant chief clerk of the pension bureau. It is understood that his resignation was called for, and was the direct result of using his influence and position to secure the appointment of persons to positions in the bureaus in return for financial benefits received or promised. Interior department officials assert most emphatically that Gen. Raum, commissioner of pensions, is in no way responsible for the conduct of his son and that he was ignorant of the transaction which led to young Raum's resignation.

TRAGEDIES AT CHICAGO

Four Cases for the Coroner to Look Into.

SUICIDE OF A JEALOUS WOMAN.

White Despondent She Swallows Poison and Dies—Not Her First Attempt—An Unknown Floater Found in the Lake with Both Legs Cut Off—The Body of an Insane Woman Takes from the Water—Suicide of a Shoemaker.

CHICAGO, May 16.—It was her second attempt and this time the successful one.

Five months ago Mrs. Lizzie Watson, who lives at 461 South Ashland avenue, became jealous of her husband. In her desperation she drank carbolic acid, but not so much that with medical attention her life could not be saved. Friday she grew despondent and again swallowed some poison, the nature of which is not known. During the afternoon she died. The coroner held an inquest and decided the woman took her own life while despondent.

Thrown into the Lake by a Train.

With both legs freshly cut off at the knees the dead body of an unknown man was found in the river at Sixteenth street Saturday morning just below the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad bridge. The body had been in the water several days, and it is supposed that he was thrown from the train, being a passenger freight train, which first ran over the man in the dark.

The Farmer's Back Broken.

The road was exceedingly dusty and neither party seemed inclined to take the dust from the other. A spirited race for first place resulted, both teams being pulled to their utmost speed. It was nip and tuck between them for several miles, and when the village was reached the carriage was a few feet in the lead. In front of McCullough's store in the little town is a rough plank platform, foot or two high, used for unloading wagons. Plumbe's wagon struck this platform while going at full speed. He was thrown some distance and fell heavily to the ground, breaking his back and receiving internal injuries from which he died.

QUICK WAS TOO SUDDEN.

An Eight Weeks' Widower, He Marries a Doubtful Divorcee.

BURLINGTON, Iowa, May 16.—Two sensational suits have been filed in the district court by Charles S. Young, of Fort Madison, Iowa, against C. S. Quick, of this city, and his wife, Alice A. Quick. Some four weeks ago Quick, who had been a widower eight weeks or more, married Mrs. C. S. Young of Fort Madison, who had been divorced but one week from her husband, who was employed in St. Louis, Mo. The former husband is the plaintiff, and denies having any knowledge of his wife's divorce prior to his marriage to Quick, and asks \$15,000 damages. Quick with his seduction and the alienation of his wife's affection. The suit against Mrs. Quick (his former wife) is to set aside the decree of divorce obtained by her as claims, by fraud.

Shot Dead by a Friend.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 16.—A dispatch from Batoum tells of a bloody tragedy which occurred in a court-room there. A man named Kouradze was on trial for robbing Prince Morobayev of a pocket-book filled with bank notes. The prince offered to pay the prisoner if he would disclose the hiding place of the stolen notes. The prisoner laughed scornfully at the offer, and followed up his rejection by kicking the nobleman. In his rage at the insult the prince drew a revolver and shot the man dead. The prince has been taken to hospital.

Taken to the Station.

The gathering crowd attracted the attention of Officers Ward and Howe, of Desplaines street station, and the dumfounded youth was placed under arrest. Officers Ward and Howe followed the prince to the Desplaines street station, where Capt. Hayes put him through a sharp examination. He gave the name of Fred Unger, aged 22. He claimed to be a native of Beardstown, Ill., and said he came to the city a month ago in search of work. He said he was living at 11 Webster avenue. Mrs. Michaelson positively identified him as her assailant, and the prisoner was locked up.

Not So Ill as Reported.

CHICAGO, May 16.—John Gast, who was taken sick in the board of trade building Friday and was reported to be in a serious condition from a stroke of paralysis, is not so ill as was feared. He will be about in a day or two, it is expected.

Starting Nerve of Elephants.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Residents of Plainfield, N. J., had not recovered from their surprise over the elopement of Mrs. A. Avery and John B. Gable, when they were astounded Thursday by the news that the young pair had come back to the city in order to carry on more profitably which to realize money. They did not stay long, however, but were soon driven away in a carriage to escape arrest.

Gobbled by the Canadian Pacific.

WINNIPEG, Man., May 16.—It now seems to be an absolute certainty that the Canadian Pacific has purchased the Northern Pacific lines in Manitoba. It was confidently asserted yesterday that the deal between the roads had been completed and that the Canadian Pacific railroad takes all the Manitoba lines and terminals of the Northern Pacific almost immediately.

The Scotch-Irish Congress.

MORNING REVIEW

Decatur, Illinois.

THE REVIEW PUBLISHING CO., 186-188 Prairie Street.

B. PRATT, President.

JERRY DOWDING, Sec'y and Treas.

J. F. DREHNER, General Manager.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year (in advance) \$ 5.00

Six months (in advance) 2.50

Two weeks 1.00

Advertising rates made known on application at the office.

Advertising rates made known on application at this office.

[Entered at the Decatur, Ill., Post-Office as Second Class Matter.]

EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY.

SUNDAY MAY 17, 1891.

DID THEY NOT FORESEE?

We still hear a howl about the action of the Michigan legislature in allowing each congressional district to choose a presidential elector. Our friends on South Water admit that the action of the legislature was legal, but that nevertheless it was morally wrong. A hypothetical case is put. It is said that under the constitution of the United States a legislature of any state might legally authorize the governor to appoint the electors. It is then asked if such a law would be defective.

Of course it would not; no more defective than the refusal of the republican party in Illinois to let the people have a direct voice in the selection of a U. S. senator. But the hypothetical case is not the act of the Michigan legislature. The case mentioned by the Rep would exclude the people when it comes to electing a president. The action of the Michigan legislature gives every voter in the state a direct voice in the selection of a president.

The first thing to look out for in these matters is to give the people a vote. When that is done all must be well in time. Where the people have a right to talk and vote as they please matters will be kept tolerably straight.

But it is said that Michigan was first gerrymandered in the interests of the democrats and then the selection of presidential electors was thrown into the districts. Now who says that the state was gerrymandered? The republican papers. You couldn't get them to admit that their party gerrymandered the same state 10 years ago. It is their contention that the republicans always play fair in such matters, and that the democrats are invariably rascals. Well if those fellows are hogs enough to take all the virtues to themselves what is there left for us to do but get along the best we can with a lot of crippled vices? The republicans now charge that the democrats have gerrymandered Michigan. The democrats charged the republicans with the same thing 10 years ago. There you are, you might argue the case for a lifetime and get no farther than charge and countercharge.

We can only say this: The congressmen who will represent Michigan under the present apportionment will come more nearly representing the comparative strength of the parties in that state than was ever done under the apportionment of 10 years ago. You can call this gerrymandering if you wish to, but it looks more like fair play.

It is also said by the Rep that the constitution never contemplated the election of presidential electors by districts. The Rep talks as if it had written the constitution. We hope it will not put us to the trouble of proving that it did not. What was the intent of the constitution? When men use very plain words it is to be supposed they mean what they say. When the framers of the constitution left the legislatures to say how electors should be chosen it must have been foreseen that various methods would probably be pursued. There were several legislatures, and different bodies of men are no more prone than different individuals to do any given piece of work in the same way. The framers of the constitution ought to have foreseen all that has happened, and they probably did.

Let us see what was done in the matter of choosing electors while the men who framed the constitution were still on earth. The Evening Post, of New York, refreshes the minds of our republican friends with the following historical facts:

At the very first Presidential election, in 1789, the State of Massachusetts adopted the district system, the people of each Congressional district bringing in their votes for two candidates, and the Legislature choosing one of these, as well as the two electors at-large; thus the system of choice by districts continued in Massachusetts for many years; and that several other states chose Presidential electors by popular vote in the congressional districts, exactly as is now proposed in Michigan, until well on in the present century. North Carolina was so accustomed to the system of choosing by districts that great excitement was caused in 1811 when, upon the extent that there would probably be an increase in the number of the states, and the consequent new appointment of seats on the census of 1810, before it could come too late for a resulting law that the electors in 1810 should be chosen by the legislature. So late as 1833 New York and Maine in the North, and Maryland and Tennessee among the slave states, clung to the system of choosing electors by districts, with the result of a divided vote, except for Tennessee's unanimity for her "favorite son." New York choosing 20 Jackson electors and 6 Adams, Maine 1 Jackson and 6 Adams, and Maryland 5 Jackson and 6 Adams. The District did not finally abandon the district system until after the election of 1833.

—In 1836 she chose three Jackson electors and five supporters of Clay, her vote having been divided between the candidates also in 1796, 1800, 1804, 1808, 1812 and 1832.

It seems that about everybody else in the country contemplated the district system of choosing electors. According to the Rep, the men who wrote the constitution were about the only ones who were not on. And there is no record that they protested when they held the district system. Probably they were ashamed to confess that they had not foreseen such a natural result. But the Rep is humble, if need be, in the cause of patriotic republicanism. It makes the confusion for the gallant, but proud tyro who were trapped into writing a constitution. We have lived to learn that Alexander Hamilton was a jay who did not know a merry joke when he saw one.

New Orleans is calling for legislation. Had it better pass a little bill with what laws are now at its hand?

SUNDAY SERVICES

Edmond Street Chapel—Sunday school at 9 a. m.

Grecian Mission—Sunday school 2:30 p. m.

Evening prayer at 5:30 p. m.

Christian Church—400 North Main.

Eustace B. Cade, pastor. Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. Preaching at 10:45 a. m. 7:45 p. m.

St. James' German Catholic—752 East Clay street—Rev. L. W. Lammett, rector.

Mass at 8 and 10 a. m. Vespers at 8 p. m.

St. Patrick's Catholic Church—408 East North—Very Rev. P. J. Mackie, rector.

Rev. W. J. McGuire, assistant. Mass at 8 and 10 o'clock a. m. Vespers at 8 p. m.

W. C. T. U.—Services at the W. C. T. U. hall, Library block, Sunday at 3:30 p. m.

Address by Rev. J. A. F. King, Mr. Gilbert at the organ, accompanied by violin.

St. John's Episcopal Church—M. M. Goodwin, rector. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Holy communion and sermon at 7:30 p. m. Evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 p. m.

Church of God—Corner North Water and Corco Gordo streets. W. B. Allen, pastor.

Presaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Sunday school at 2. Young people's meeting at 6:30 p. m.

First Congregational Church—Corner of Church and Eldorado streets. Rev. W. C. Miller, pastor. Services 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 9:15 a. m.; Christian Endeavor 6:30 p. m. Music by string quartet.

First M. E. Church—Classes at 9 a. m.

Presching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor James Miller. Morning subject,

"The Government of Christ." Evening,

"The Stimulus of Life," the third of a series to young men. Sabbath school at 2 p. m.

Universalist Church—141 East Prairie.

Rev. Sophie Gibb, pastor. Presching by the pastor at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Morning subject, "Evidence of the Unknown Life." Evening, "The Law and Spirit of Justice." Sabbath school at the usual hour.

U. B. Centenary Church—49 North Broadway, J. A. F. King, pastor. Class meeting at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Address by Rev. J. A. F. King, Mr. C. G. Smith, children in their hope." Evening,

"The True Soldier." Sabbath school at 9:15 a. m. Morning subject, "The Lessons of Pentecost." Children's Mission service in the evening.

Stapp's Chapel, M. E. Church—304 East Eldorado—G. E. Schlinger, pastor. Class meeting at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Address by Rev. A. Millard, of Paris.

Sunday school at 2 p. m. Mission and Hermeyer streets at 9 a. m.

First Presbyterian Church—W. H. Poppleton, pastor. Services in the Grand Opera house at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Bible school at the church at 9:30 a. m. at the new mission school corner Haworth and St Louis avenue, at 2 p. m.

Baptist Church—North Water—Rev. Charles E. Towne, pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning subject, "A Question of Ownership, or, To Whom Belongest Thou?" Evening, "Wanted—A Woman." The ordinance of baptism during the evening service. East Park Boulevard Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Bible school at the church at 9 a. m.

WHO FOR AND WHAT FOR.

The Rules and Regulations of the Anna B. Millikin Home.

To let the public know who is entitled to admission to the Anna B. Millikin home and how it will be governed, the ladies of the Charitable Union ask that the constitution and by laws below be published.

ARTICLE I.

This institution shall be known as the Anna B. Millikin Home of Macou County, Illinois.

ARTICLE II—OBJECT.

Its object is to provide a home for aged or feeble women dependent upon charity for support; a refuge and temporary relief to women and children in distress or want, and to give relief and protection to dependent or feeble women and girls, and to destitute and dependent children who may apply for admission therein by parents, guardians, or other persons, numberless corporations, or courts that may have the charge, control and custody of them.

ARTICLE III.

This Home shall be a branch of the Industrial and Charitable Union of Decatur, and shall be maintained and governed as a branch of the Union, which shall have power to enact rules and regulations for the government of the corporation, agents and employees, and for the management of its affairs and financial business.

ARTICLE IV.

I, The President of the Industrial

League shall be the Chairman of a board of five

Directors, who shall be elected by a ballot at the annual election of other officers of the Union. These Directors, with the Directors of the Macou County Industrial School for Girls, shall constitute a Board of Control which shall be given general supervision of the affairs of the Home and shall meet once a week at the Home for the transaction of business.

ARTICLE V.

This institution shall be known as the Anna B. Millikin Home of Macou County, Illinois.

ARTICLE VI.

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ARTICLE XIV.

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WHAT YOU MAY NEED

IN THE

MERRY MONTH OF MAY!

A nobby Flannel Coat and Vest.
A nobby Black or White Straw Hat.
A nobby Neck Tie—Windsor, Four-in-Hand, or Puff.
A nobby Neglige Shirt.
A nobby Spring Suit in the proper style.
If so, call and see what we have to show you.

Bryan, Jones & Co.,

FOUR DOORS WEST OF POSTOFFICE.

LOOK HERE PEOPLE!

ARE YOU

AWARE OF THE FACT

THAT

WAGGONER & DOWNING

ARE SELLING

MORE BOOTS AND SHOES

THAN ANY OTHER

SHOE DEALER IN DECATUR?

We buy direct of the manufacturers. We discount every dollar we purchase and give you the benefit of our discount. All our stock is new. We handle no cheap job lots or damaged samples.

WAGGONER & DOWNING,
Post Office Shoe Store.

GRAND
MUSICAL
FESTIVAL

WE COME UP

GRAND OPERA HOUSE,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

WEDNESDAY,

Thursday & Friday

MAY 20, 21, 22,

Under the auspices of the Woman's Choral Society, consisting of an veteran-supported by a grand orchestra, led by Prof. Robert Walter. The Decatur Chorus will be assisted by some of the best soloists from the musical cities of the country. Blue Mound, Macon, Shadyville and many other towns in Central Illinois.

SOLOISTS:

Mrs. GENEVRA J. BISHOP,
Chicago's Leading Soprano.

Mr. GEORGE E. HOLMES,
of Chicago, Basso.

Mr. CHAS. W. HUMPHREY,
of St. Louis, Tenor.

Prof. OTTO SOLDAN,
of Decatur, Solo Violinist.

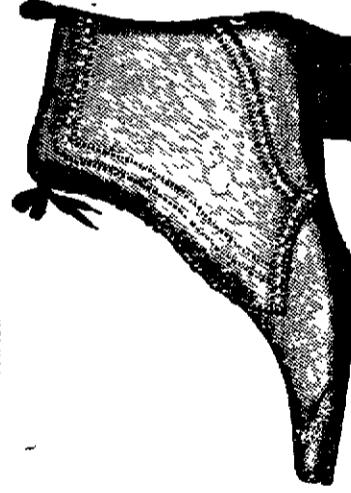
ACCOMPANISTS:

Miss Emily Starr Hampsher,
Decatur, Pianist.

Miss Nora Aileen Radcliff,
Decatur, Organist.

PROF. S. M. LUTZ,
Musical Director.

SMILING



With the J. A. BANISTER
line of GENTLEMEN'S FINE
SHOES, and Generally, when it
comes to High Quality Shoes we
bid for your Money with Later
and Better Styles, More Attractive
Goods, Larger Variety, and

All Sizes

And Widths

We are certain to fit your feet,
and are more than certain to
please you in price, style and
general appearance.

To be in the advance guard
of fashion you should have a
pair of the Celebrated JAS. A.
BANISTER Shoes. We are
the sole agents for Macon Co.

Ferriss & Lapham

Shoe store, 143 E. Main St.

NOTICE—For the accommodation of
those who can not attend the evening con-
certs.

2 GRAND MATINEES

will be given Thursday and Friday after-
noon, May 20, and 22 at 2 o'clock.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.—First choice,
reserved seats, \$1.50; second choice, reserved
seats, 75c; admission lower floor \$1; admis-
sion gallery \$1; lower boxes \$1; up-
per boxes \$1.50.

The sale of seats will begin at the Grand
Opera House, Pharmacy Thursday, May 16 at
2 o'clock.

North Morgan Street Bakery.

Everything new and first class.

If you want good bread give me

a trial. My pies and cakes are

the best in the city. I also carry

a general line of the freshest and

best Confectioneries in the market.

Goods delivered to any part of

the city. Don't forget the place.

J. W. WERNING.

North Morgan Street.

JOHN G. CLOYD,

CROKER,

44 E. Main, - Decatur.

Telephone 28.

SCHOOLCRAFT

HARD, LUMP AND NUT

COAL.

Telephone No. 3.

835 E. ELORADO ST.

MORNING REVIEW

SUNDAY, MAY 17, 1891.

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

MASONIC—Special Convocation of Masonic
Commandery, No. 9 E. T. Monday
evening at 7 o'clock for work in the Temple
degree. All members Temple degree
admitting are invited. M. J. Chapman, C.
N. L. Krohn, Rec.

I.O.O.F.—Regular meeting of Celestial
ledge, 182, I.O.O.F., Monday evening, May 12.

K.P.—Regular meeting of Mystic Temple
Practical Sisters, Monday evening at the usual
hour. Mrs. Jennie Haws, M. E. C.; Mrs.
Lizzie Grist, M. R. & C.

MATTERS OF FACT.

Can you afford
Ox. Fords
When you can get
them for 50c at Power's.

Abrams' Artists are all the go
Genuine ice cream strawberry squash soda
water, only 5 cents, at Irwin's pharmacy.

All the latest shades in Mousquetaire
Suede gloves at Linn & Scruggs D. G. &
C. Co.

Go to George P. Hart for all kinds of
upholstering. Library block.

Strawberry short cake and angel cake at
Hieatt's, 733 North Water street.

If you are not already a customer of ours
come in and see what we keep, The Econ-
omy Grocery, H. G. Boyer, proprietor.
Telephone 68.

You can be identified by having an iden-
tification card at any place. Good at banks,
postoffices and express companies. R. J.
Oran, agent.

"Centemer" kid gloves in all the new
spring shades and black. Perfection of fit
and wear guaranteed at Linn & Scruggs D.
G. & C. Co.

Henry Bros' bakery is the place for a
good meal or lunch. Bread delivered to
any part of the city.

You should not fail to see Abrams' beauti-
ful Artists.

Genuine strawberry crush ice cream soda,
only a nickel, at Irwin's pharmacy.

Three good upright pianos for rent or
sale at low prices on easy terms at Pre-
scott's.

The chocolate ice cream soda at Irwin's
pharmacy is very delicious.

How did you like our strawberries last
week? We will have a fine lot for Monday.
Come in. Max & CHURCHMAN,
911 North Water street, telephone No. 1.

Come and see the largest line of Carriages
Surrays, Phaetons, Buggies, Road Wagons
and Carts, at the lowest prices ever shown
in this city, at E. G. ALLEN & BRO'S.

Call at Bicycle Headquarters and see the
new light Rambler built especially for la-
dies. Tangent spokes, cushioned tire, rams
horn handle bars, only \$125. It is a beauty.

We will have a full and fresh line of
green goods for Monday. Order what you
want and it will be delivered at once.

MAY & CHURCHMAN,
211 North Waterstreet, telephone No. 1.

A complete assortment of "Centimer" Suede
gloves in all lengths and shades.

Also silk mitts in evening shade in any
length. Kid gloves purchased of us will
be fitted to the hand if desired and skillfully
refrained if needed, free of charge.

Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods & Carpet Co.

You can see all the latest styles in sum-
mer millinery at Miss Emma Williams'
millinery parlor on South Park street.

You are invited to call and see my sum-
mer millinery. Miss Emma Williams,
South Park street.

We have the Miller Lawn Mower. the
cheapest and best. See it.

E. G. ALLIN & BRO.

You will find the best carpets, latest and
most desirable styles, and lowest prices at

Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet Co.

Look out for the bargains within the

next few days, that have been purchased by

Mr. Morris, of the Linn & Scruggs D. G. &
C. Co., who is still in the Eastern

markets, and will be placed on sale here.

Buy your wall paper and window shades
of Blank & Grass. Best assortment, low-
est prices.

Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet
company are agents for the celebrated Cen-
temeri kid gloves, the best fitting, the best
wear, handsomest and cheapest kid
gloves in the world.

Our tailoring department is now com-

plete with all the latest fabrics—foreign

and domestic. A very select line of che-

revoles for business suitings and a very large

and choice line of high grade wools for

dress. Remember we make a specialty

of full dress suits, the equal of any made

in any of the large cities and at a much more

satisfactory figure; also exclusive agents for

the celebrated Dunlap hats in derbys and

and slacks. Inspection desired at any time.

Please your orders before the busy season

begins. L. W. EHRMAN.

Look out for the bargains within the

next few days, that have been purchased by

Mr. Morris, of the Linn & Scruggs D. G. &

C. Co., who is still in the Eastern

markets, and will be placed on sale here.

We are giving away a great many articles

at a very low price.

At Bicycle Headquarters, 114 William

street, Library block, you will find,

to make choice from over 100 bicycles,

at prices that defly successful competition.

(We are in it.) Come and see our \$40.00

inch front and rear wheel safety; also our 30-inch for \$35.00.

Others at proportionately reasonable terms.

New Biarritz gloves in tan, mohair, grey,

brown and English tan at Linn & Scruggs

D. G. & C. Co.

Library Block.

Decatur to the Front.

Among our many enterprising firms is

that of Abrams' studio. He is doing a

fine photo work as any gallery in the state.

Go and see the latest styles and beautiful

Artistic photos. They sparkle like diamonds.

TO HORSEMEN.

First Meeting of the Hoodhouse Driving
Park Association.

Horsemen will be interested in knowing
that another important point has been added to

the circuit of Western Illinois since the
organization of the Hoodhouse Driving

Park and Fair association. The grounds are
admirably selected, the half-mile track has
been built by experts and without regard to
expense, and the amphitheater and other build-
ings will be of the first class. A membership has
been secured in the American Trotting asso-
ciation, and the purses for the first meeting will aggregate
\$3,000. Entries to trotting and pacing
races close July 18; to running races, July
31. Following is the program:

JULY 21.

1. 2:40 trot \$300
2. Three-year-old trot 100

3. Running race, half mile and repeat 75

JULY 22.

4. 2:50 trot \$300
5. Two-year-old trot 100

6. Stallion race 200

JULY 23.

7. Three minute trot \$700
8. Free for all pace 250

9. Running race, one mile and repeat 100

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